## CLAIM AMENDMENTS - LISTING OF CLAIMS

This listing will replace all prior versions, and listings of claims in the application.

Please amend the claims as follows:

- 1. (Original) A method of direct metal fabrication to form a metal part which has a relative density of at least 96%, said method comprising: a) providing a powder blend which comprises a powdered parent metal alloy, a powdered lower-melting-temperature alloy that comprises greater than 10% of the total weight of the powdered blend, and an organic polymer component that comprise less than 3% by weight of the total weight of the powdered blend; b) performing a layer-build powder processing operation to fabricate a green body by laying down successive layers of the powder blend and sintering the layers in accordance with a predetermined pattern; c) positioning the green part in a chamber of the furnace and raising the temperature in the chamber to reduce the organic polymer and then accomplish a supersolidus liquid phase sintering operation to form the metal part that by sinter densification obtains a relative density of at least 96%.
- (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein said polymer comprises two polymers.
- (Original) The method as recited in claim 2, wherein said two polymers comprise a thermoplastic polymer and a thermosetting polymer.
- (Original) The method as recited in claim 3, wherein said layer-build powder processing operation comprises a selective laser sintering (SLS) operation.

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- (Original) The method as recited in claim 1, wherein said layer build powder processing operation comprises a selective laser sintering (SLS) operation.
- 6. (Original) The method as recited in claim 4, wherein the particle size of the parent metal alloy and a lower-melting-temperature alloy are about of a particle size such that the particles pass a 270 mesh screen.
- (Original) The method as recited in claim 4, wherein particles of the parent metal alloy and a lower-melting-temperature alloy are about of a particle size such that the particles pass a 140 mesh screen.
- (Original) The method as recited in claim 4, wherein particles of the parent metal alloy and a lower-melting-temperature alloy are about of a particle size that the particles pass a 325 mesh screen.
- (Original) The method as recited in claim 1, wherein particles of the parent metal alloy and a lower-melting-temperature alloy are about of a particle size that the particles pass a 400 mesh screen.
- 10. (Original) The method as recited in claim 1, wherein the supersolidus liquid phase sintering operation occurs predominately in a temperature range between greater than about 2248.degree. F. and less than about 2267.degree. F.

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- (Original) The method as recited in claim 4, wherein the supersolidus liquid phase sintering operation occurs predominately in a temperature range between about 2252.degree. F. to about 2260.degree. F.
- 12. (Original) The method as recited in claim 4, wherein said lower-melting-temperature alloy contains a eutectic ingredient selected from boron, manganese, yttrium, niobium, silicon, cobalt, and combinations of these.
- (Original) The method as recited in claim 4, wherein said lower-meltingtemperature alloy contains a eutectic ingredient which substantially comprises boron.
- 14. (Original) The method as recited in claim 4, wherein said parent metal alloy comprises predominately a primary ingredient selected from nickel, iron, cobalt, copper, tungsten, molybdenum, rhenium, titanium, aluminum, and mixtures thereof.
- (Original) The method as recited in claim 4, wherein the parent metal alloy comprises primarily nickel.
- (Original) The method as recited in claim 4, wherein said parent metal alloy comprises primarily a 230 alloy.
  - 17. (Original) The method as recited in claim 4, wherein the powdered organic

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polymer comprises no greater than about 2% by weight of the total weight of the powdered blend.

- 18. (Original) The method as recited in claim 4, wherein the powdered organic polymer comprises no greater than about 1% by weight of the total weight of the powdered blend.
- 19. (Original) The method as recited in claim 4, wherein the powdered organic polymer comprises no greater than about 1{fraction (/200)} of weight of the total weight of the powdered blend.
- (Original) The method as recited in claim 4, wherein the green body which is
  made by the selective laser sintering operation has a relative density of at least 58%.
- 21. (Original) The method as recited in claim 4, wherein: a) a substantial portion of the particles of the parent metal alloy and a lower-melting-temperature alloy are of a particle size that the particles pass a 140 mesh screen; b) the supersolidus liquid phase sintering operation occurs predominately in a temperature range greater than between 2248.degree. F. and less than 2267.degree. F.; c) said lower-melting-temperature alloy contains a eutectic ingredient selected from boron, manganese, yttrium, niobium, silicon, cobalt, and combinations of these.
- (Original) The method as recited in claim 19, wherein said parent metal alloy comprises predominately a primary ingredient selected from nickel, iron, cobalt, copper,

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tungsten, molybdenum, rhenium, titanium, aluminum, and mixtures thereof.

- 23. (Original) The method as recited in claim 4, wherein: a) particles of the parent metal alloy and a lower-melting-temperature alloy are of a particle size that the particles pass a 270 mesh screen; b) the supersolidus liquid phase sintering operation occurs predominately in a temperature range between about 2252.degree. F. to about 2260.degree. F.; c) the powdered organic polymer comprises no greater than about 1% by weight of the total weight of the powdered blend.
- (Original) The method as recited in claim 23, wherein the parent metal alloy comprises primarily nickel.
- (Original) The method as recited in claim 4, wherein said parent metal alloy comprises primarily a 230 alloy.
- 26. (Original) The method as recited in claim 4, wherein the ratio of the amount of powdered low-melting-temperature alloy to the amount of the powdered organic polymer is by weight is at least as great than 5:1.
- 27. (Original) The method as recited in claim 4, wherein the ratio of the amount of powdered low-melting-temperature alloy to the amount of the powdered organic polymer is by weight at least as great as 10:1

- 28. (Original) The method as recited in claim 4, wherein the ratio of the amount of powdered low-melting-temperature alloy to the amount of the powdered organic polymer is by weight at least as great as 30:1.
- 29. (Original) The method as recited in claim 4, wherein there is in the chamber of the furnace at least during the supersolidus liquid phase sintering a gaseous atmosphere of hydrogen and an inert gas in a ratio of no greater than about 1 to 19, measured by volume at the same temperature and pressure.
  - 30. (Original) The method as recited in claim 29, wherein said ratio is about 1 to 19.
- (Original) The method as recited in claim 29, wherein said inert gas comprises argon.
  - 32. (Original) A metal part made according to the method of claim 1.
- 33. (Withdrawn) A powdered composition adapted to be used in direct metal fabrication to form a metal part which has a relative density of at least 96%, wherein the metal part is formed by: a) performing a laser-build powder processing operation to fabricate a green body by laying down successive layers of the powdered composition and laser sintering the layers in accordance with a predetermined pattern; b) positioning the green part in a chamber of the furnace and raising the temperature in the chamber to reduce the organic polymer and then accomplish a supersolidus liquid phase sintering operation to form the metal part that by sinter

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densification obtains a relative density of at least 96%, said powdered composition comprising a powder blend which comprises a powdered parent metal alloy, a powdered lower-melting-temperature alloy that comprises greater than 10% of the total weight of the powdered blend, and a powdered organic polymer component that comprises less than 3% by weight of the total weight of the powdered blend.

34. (Withdrawn) A method as recited in claim 33, wherein said polymer component comprises a thermoplastic polymer and a thermosetting polymer.

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